# POLARIS PROJECT, INC.

Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and Report Thereon

Reports Required in Accordance with The Uniform Guidance For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

## Lane & Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Directors of the Polaris Project, Inc.

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Polaris Project, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Polaris Project, Inc. as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Polaris Project, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Polaris Project, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Polaris Project, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Polaris Project, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 30, 2024, on our consideration of Polaris Project, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Polaris Project, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Polaris Project, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Washington, D.C., USA January 30, 2024

## POLARIS PROJECT, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2021 and 2020

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	ASSETS				
			2021		2020
Cash		\$	3,667,012	\$	3,709,065
Grants and contributions receivable			3,359,177		2,338,925
Accounts receivable			1,414,732		-
Prepaid expenses and other			167,280		113,983
Property and equipment, net			2,401,687		2,732,526
Security deposit			5,000		5,000
Total Assets		\$	11,014,888	\$	8,899,499
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## LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Accounts payable and accrued expenses Note payable - PPP Loan Notes payable - furniture and equipment Deferred rent	\$ 586,515 787,500 380,663 2,609,036	\$ 631,737 1,385,860 474,348 2,705,792
Total Liabilities	 4,363,714	 5,197,737
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions	 2,103,720 4,547,454	 1,046,317 2,655,445
Total Net Assets	 6,651,174	 3,701,762
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 11,014,888	\$ 8,899,499

## POLARIS PROJECT, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

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	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
Revenue and Support					
Government grants	\$	4,978,512	\$	-	\$ 4,978,512
Corporate, foundation, individual and other		6,570,028		2,982,187	9,552,215
In-kind contributions		7,020,801		-	7,020,801
Other		1,503,494		-	1,503,494
Investment income, net		4,412		-	4,412
Net assets released from restrictions		1,090,178		(1,090,178)	 _
Total Revenue and Support		21,167,425		1,892,009	 23,059,434
Expenses					
Program Services		15,710,639		-	15,710,639
Supporting Services					
Fundraising		3,394,153		-	3,394,153
Management and general		1,005,230			 1,005,230
Total Supporting Services		4,399,383		-	 4,399,383
Total Expenses		20,110,022		-	 20,110,022
Change in Net Assets		1,057,403		1,892,009	 2,949,412
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		1,046,317		2,655,445	 3,701,762
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	2,103,720	\$	4,547,454	\$ 6,651,174

## POLARIS PROJECT, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

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	hout Donor estrictions	ith Donor estrictions	Total
Revenue and Support			
Government grants	\$ 3,700,372	\$ -	\$ 3,700,372
Corporate, foundation, individual and other	5,177,120	300,000	5,477,120
In-kind contributions	6,942,920	-	6,942,920
Other	53,049	-	53,049
Loss on disposal of assets	(326,800)	-	(326,800)
Net assets released from restrictions	4,034,292	(4,034,292)	-
Total Revenue and Support	 19,580,953	 (3,734,292)	 15,846,661
Expenses			
Program Services	15,535,419	-	15,535,419
Supporting Services			
Management and general	3,220,680	-	3,220,680
Fundraising	 1,324,382	 -	 1,324,382
Total Supporting Services	 4,545,062	 	 4,545,062
Total Expenses	 20,080,481	 	 20,080,481
Change in Net Assets	 (499,528)	 (3,734,292)	 (4,233,820)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	 1,545,845	 6,389,737	 7,935,582
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 1,046,317	\$ 2,655,445	\$ 3,701,762

## POLARIS PROJECT, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Supporting Services			Total				
	 Program Services	anagement 1d General	Fundraising		0		<b>S</b>	upporting Services	 Totals
Salaries and wages	\$ 4,932,260	\$ 1,624,572	\$	534,368	\$	2,158,940	7,091,200		
Donated goods and services	7,007,889	20,815				20,815	7,028,704		
Consulting and professional fees	808,913	604,973		90,478		695,451	1,504,364		
Payroll taxes and benefits	1,588,350	488,424		161,128		649,552	2,237,902		
Facilities and equipment	561,282	209,726		60,277		270,003	831,285		
Subscriptions, technology and other	465,637	322,413		121,930		444,343	909,980		
Travel and meetings	15,737	8,118		1,285		9,403	25,140		
Depreciation and amortization	254,786	83,919		27,602		111,521	366,307		
Miscellaneous	1,008	6,563		61		6,624	7,632		
Insurance	 74,777	 24,630		8,101		32,731	 107,508		
Totals	\$ 15,710,639	\$ 3,394,153	\$	1,005,230	\$	4,399,383	\$ 20,110,022		

## POLARIS PROJECT, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Supporting Services			Total			
	 Program Services	anagement nd General	Fundraising		SupportinFundraisingServices		g Totals	
Salaries and wages	\$ 5,210,369	\$ 1,317,759	\$	601,670	\$	1,919,429		7,129,798
Donated goods and services	6,673,554	271,533				271,533		6,945,087
Consulting and professional fees	600,959	472,660		299,003		771,663		1,372,622
Payroll taxes and benefits	1,637,186	544,698		211,605		756,303		2,393,489
Facilities and equipment	615,584	241,474		68,110		309,584		925,168
Subscriptions, technology and other	499,785	93,095		45,776		138,871		638,656
Travel and meetings	17,050	14,679		12,405		27,084		44,134
Depreciation and amortization	207,255	66,815		25,261		92,076		299,331
Miscellaneous	18,266	182,338		53,799		236,137		254,403
Insurance	 55,411	 15,629		6,753		22,382		77,793
Totals	\$ 15,535,419	\$ 3,220,680	\$	1,324,382	\$	4,545,062	\$	20,080,481

## POLARIS PROJECT, Inc. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

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	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities		
Change in net assets	\$ 2,949,412	\$ (4,233,820)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization Bad debt expense Loss on disposal of assets	366,307 - -	299,331 5,750 326,800
Change in assets and liabilities Grants and contributions receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and other Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred rent	(1,020,252) (1,414,732) (53,297) (45,222) (96,756)	1,428,515 - 61,361 (95,951) 1,986,681
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	685,460	(221,333)
Cash flows used in investing activities Purchases of property and equipment Refund of security deposit	(35,468)	(2,318,499) 126,525
Net cash used in investing activities	(35,468)	(2,191,974)
Cash flows (used in)/ provided by financing activities Proceeds from Paycheck Protection Program loan Payments on notes payable - furniture and equipment Forgiveness of PPP loan payable	787,500 (93,685) (1,385,860)	1,385,860 (43,646) -
Net cash (used in)/ provided by financing activities	(692,045)	1,342,214
Net decrease in cash	(42,053)	(1,071,093)
Cash, beginning of year	3,709,065	4,780,158
Cash, end of year	\$ 3,667,012	\$ 3,709,065
Supplemental disclosure: Non-cash investing activity: Asset acquisition through financing Asset acquisition through tenant improvement allowance	<u>\$</u> - <u>\$</u> -	\$ 517,994 \$ 1,677,890

#### 1. Organization

Polaris Project, Inc. (Polaris) is a not-for-profit organization incorporated in 2002 in the State of Rhode Island, with its headquarters located in Washington, D.C. Polaris is committed to combating human trafficking and modern-day slavery. Polaris combines direct intervention, survivor support, policy advocacy, and movement building into a comprehensive approach to combat human trafficking.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, and in accordance with FASB ASC 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*.

#### Cash

Cash consist of cash held in checking accounts and unrestricted highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Concentrations of Credit Risk

Polaris' bank accounts, consisting of checking accounts and a money market account, are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. Polaris holds certain cash equivalents whose balances may at times exceed the insured limit. Management believes these amounts are not subject to any significant credit risk. As of December 31, 2021, the total cash balance in excess of the limit was \$3,391,845.

#### Property and Equipment

Office furnishings and equipment are stated at cost or, if acquired by gift, at fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation is computed over an estimated useful life of six years using the straight-line method, with a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the estimated useful life or the remaining lease term. The cost of maintenance and repairs is recorded as expenses are incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts with any resulting gain or loss reflected in the Statements of Activities.

#### In-kind Contributions

In-kind contributions that create or enhance non-financial assets or that require specialized skills that would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded as revenue and expense at their estimated fair values in the period received. In-kind contributions consist of donated professional fees, donated technology, and donated airline and hotel vouchers.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Classification of Net Assets

Polaris reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets:

- Net assets without restrictions include revenue and contributions available for the operation of the organization and include both internally designated and undesignated resources.
- Net assets with restrictions include revenue and contributions subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met by the action of the organization and/or the passage of time. When a restriction expires, net assets with restrictions are reclassified to net assets without restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Federal government grants are deemed to be earned and are reported as unrestricted revenue when Polaris has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specified restrictions.

Private foundation grants, restricted by the grantor for specific programmatic purposes and deemed to be an exchange transaction, are recorded as cash and deferred revenue at the time of receipt. Monies from such grants are deemed to be earned and are reported as unrestricted revenue when Polaris has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specified conditions. Private foundation grants, restricted by the grantor for specific programmatic purposes and deemed to be contributions, are recorded as cash and restricted revenue at the time of receipt. Monies from such grants are reclassified to unrestricted revenue when Polaris has incurred expenditures in compliance with the specified conditions.

#### Grants and Contributions Receivable

Grants receivable represent amounts due from donors based on approved grants and are reported on the Statements of Financial Position at their net realizable value. Contributions receivable represent unconditional promises made by donors that have not yet been collected at year-end.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Functional Allocation of Expenses**

The costs of providing Polaris' various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying statements of activities and functional expenses. The majority of expenses are tracked against the underlying grant and as a result are directly allocated to a functional category. Other overhead costs are allocated between functional categories based on a predetermined percentage re-evaluated each year. Salary and payroll expenses are allocated to functional categories based on employee time.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncement

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. The update requires a lessee to recognize a right-of-use asset and lease liability, initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, in its statements of financial position. The guidance also expands the required quantitative and qualitative lease disclosures. The guidance is effective for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

#### Newly Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

Polaris adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-07, *Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets* (Topic 958). This update is intended to improve transparency regarding the measurement of contributed nonfinancial assets. This update requires recipients of contributed non-financial assets to disclose these transactions separately on the statement of activities, as well as include a disaggregation of the contributed non-financial assets disclosing certain qualitative information regarding their measurement and utilization.

#### 3. Liquidity

Financial assets available for general expenditures within one year of the accompanying Statements of Financial Position comprise the following:

	2021	2020
Cash Grants and contributions receivable Accounts receivable	\$3,667,012 3,359,177 <u>1,414,732</u>	\$3,709,065 2,338,925
Subtotal	8,440,921	6,047,990
Less: Net assets with donor restrictions	<u>(4,547,454)</u>	(2,655,445)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year:	<u>\$3,893,467</u>	<u>\$3,392,545</u>

#### 4. Grants and Contributions Receivable

Polaris receives commitments for programmatic and operating support under grants and contributions from its various donors. Grants and contributions receivable at December 31 are comprised of the following:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Amounts due in:		
One year or less Between one year and five years	\$3,359,177	\$2,338,925
Total	<u>\$3,359,177</u>	<u>\$2,338,925</u>

## 5. **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31:

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Leasehold improvements Furniture and equipment Subtotal Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$	2,180,013 <u>1,131,351</u> 3,311,364 ( 909,677)	\$	2,180,013 1,095,883 3,275,896 (543,370)
Property and Equipment, net	<u>\$</u>	2,401,687	<u>\$</u>	2,7,32,526

Depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$366,307 and \$299,331, respectively.

#### 6. Line of Credit

Polaris maintains a \$500,000 revolving line of credit with a local financial institution. Amounts borrowed under the line of credit bear interest based on the Wall Street Journal Prime rate, which was 3.25% as of December 31, 2021. The line of credit is secured by all of Polaris' business assets. As of December 31, 2021, there were no outstanding borrowings on the line of credit.

#### 7. Notes Payable – Paycheck Protection Program

On April 27, 2020, Polaris received loan proceeds in the amount of \$1,385,860 under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). The PPP, established as part of the Coronavirus Aid Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), provides for loans to qualifying businesses for an amount up to 2.5 times of the average monthly payroll expenses of the qualifying business. Under the terms of the PPP, the loan may be forgiven if the proceeds are used for qualifying expenses as described in the CARES Act, while maintaining payroll levels. Qualifying expenses include payroll, benefits, rent and utilities. The loan had an interest rate of 1% per annum. In July 2021, the entire loan amount was forgiven. On April 23, 2021, Polaris received a second loan under PPP with similar provision and terms as the first loan. During 2022, the entire second loan was forgiven. These forgiven PPP loans are shown on the Statements of Activities as Government Grants.

#### 8. Commitment - Office Lease

On November 30, 2012, Polaris entered into an operating lease for office space located in Washington, D.C., which began on June 1, 2013 and was scheduled to terminate in January 31, 2024. However, during 2019 Polaris exercised a one-time right to terminate the lease in 2020. On or before the date of termination in 2020, Polaris was required to pay the landlord a termination fee of \$644,262. The termination fee was paid by a new landlord on behalf of Polaris resulting in a deferred termination penalty liability, which is being amortized over the lease term. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the deferred termination penalty liability was \$562,655 and \$614,196, respectively.

Polaris entered into a new 150-month lease agreement effective July 1, 2020 and expiring on December 31, 2032. The lease required a lease deposit of \$288,479, which is secured by a letter of credit. The agreement also included scheduled rent increases and an initial 6-month abatement of rent. The scheduled rent increases and abatement resulted in a deferred lease liability which is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the deferred rent liability was \$581,023 and \$492,088, respectively.

Additionally, the new lease agreement included leasehold improvement allowances provided by the landlord. Generally accepted accounting principles requires that leasehold improvement allowances be recorded as an asset (leasehold improvements), with a corresponding liability (deferred lease obligation) in the accompanying Statements of Financial Position. The portion of the lease payment related to the improvement allowance is amortized over the term of the lease. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the total deferred improvement allowance aggregated \$1,465,357 and \$1,599,588, respectively.

Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 totaled \$799,303 and \$683,885, respectively, and is included in facilities and equipment in the accompanying Statements of Functional Expenses.

#### 8. Commitment – Office Lease (continued)

Future minimum office lease commitments are as follows:

Year ending December 31, 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$ 900,010 922,510 946,973 969,213 993,443 6 406 108
Thereafter	6,406,108
Total	<u>\$ 11,138,257</u>

## 9. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, net assets with donor restrictions consisted of the following:

	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
SI Labor Trafficking Financial Intelligence Unit Time Restricted Slavery COVID-19 Snapshot Initiative Unamortized Value of Donated Capital Assets	\$ 633,271 3,590,000 320,373  3,810	\$	1,038,303918,007492,173153,15250,0003,810
Total	\$ 4,547,454	<u>\$</u>	2,655,445

## 10. Notes Payable – Furniture and Equipment

Polaris entered into financing agreements for furniture and equipment. The obligation are payable through July 2025. At December31, 2021, the net book value of the financed assets was \$363,881.

## **10.** Notes Payable – Furniture and Equipment (continued)

Minimum future lease payments under the capital leases are as follows.

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u> 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	Capital <u>Lease</u> 121,313 121,313 121,313 62,256
Total minimum lease payments	\$	426,195
Less, amount representing interest		45,532
Present value of minimum lease payments		380,663
Less, current maturities		93,685
Notes payable – furniture and equipment, net of current portion	\$	286,978
Maturities of these notes are as follows:		
Year Ending December 31,		
2022	\$	99,829
2023	Ŧ	106,388
2024		113,391
		110,071

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 2024 113,391 

 2025 61,055 

 Total
 \$ 380,663

#### **12.** Tax-Exempt Status

Polaris is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. However, income from certain activities not directly related to the Organization's tax-exempt purpose is subject to taxation as unrelated business income. There was no unrelated business income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements. Polaris is not a private foundation. Management annually reviews its tax positions and has determined that there are no material uncertain tax positions that require recognition on the financial statements.

## **13.** Conditional Contributions and Contingencies

Polaris was awarded conditional contributions from the U.S. Department of Human Services to support its core mission. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, amounts received from this grantor were recognized as revenue upon completion of certain task-related milestones and the satisfying of conditions, including spending-related conditions guided by government cost principles. Conditions are not recognized as revenue to the extent that conditions have not yet been met. Conditional contributions which have not been recognized as of December 31, 2021 are expected to be recognized in the following year.

#### **13.** Conditional Contributions and Contingencies (continued)

The contributions received from the U.S. Department of Human Services are subject to audit. There exists the possibility that, upon audit, certain costs could be disallowed and result in a liability. Management is of the opinion that no material liability will result from such audits.

#### **14.** In-Kind Contributions

15.

Polaris was the beneficiary of donated goods and services, which allowed Polaris to provide greater resources toward various programs. In-kind contributions consisted of the following during the years ended December 31:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>					
Donated technology Donated airline and hotel vouchers Donated legal services Donated advertising Donated consulting Donated human resources services	\$6,324,658 114,998 269,342 306,303 5,500	\$6,324,658 198,792 193,896 120,000 100,000 <u>5,574</u>					
Totals	<u>\$7,020,801</u>	<u>\$6,942,920</u>					
Program Services Polaris' program activities are as follows:							
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>					

National Hotline	\$11,136,103	\$11,341,130
Strategic Initiative Labor Trafficking	872,410	1,235,520
Learning, Innovation and Data Systems	1,000,855	969,813
Other	1,728,615	911,006
Communications	705,726	727,260
Program administration	65,898	203,471
Policy	201,032	140,651
Survivor Engagement		6,568
Totals	<u>\$15,710,639</u>	<u>\$15,535,419</u>

#### **16.** Related Party Transactions

Polaris engaged outsourced professional services from a national professional services firm and a local partner in such firm served on Polaris' board of directors. During 2021 and 2020, Polaris paid \$59,007 and \$106,272, respectively, to the service provider.

#### **17.** Retirement Plan

Polaris offers a 403(b) retirement plan for all full-time employees. In accordance with this plan, Polaris provides a matching contribution of up to 4% of eligible employees' compensation. Retirement plan expenses during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$196,980 and \$172,652 respectively, and is included in payroll taxes and benefits in the accompanying Statements of Functional Expenses.

#### **18.** Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations.

#### **19.** Subsequent Event

In preparing these financial statements, Polaris has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through January 30, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

## POLARIS PROJECT, INC. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Federal Grantor/ <u>Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	<u>Grant Number</u>	Federal penditures	Amounts Provided to <u>Subrecipients</u>
Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families (ACF)/Office of Services to Victims of a Severe Form of Trafficking	n Trafficking in Pe	ersons (OTIP)		
National Human Trafficking Hotline Year 9	93.598	90ZV0138-01	\$ 2,321,772	\$ -
National Human Trafficking Hotline Year 10	93.598	90ZV0138-02	 1,269,294	 -
TOTAL			\$ 3,591,066	\$ 

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

#### POLARIS PROJECT, INC. Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

**1.** Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Polaris Project, Inc. under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Polaris Project, Inc., it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Polaris Project, Inc.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### 3. Indirect Cost Rate

Polaris Project, Inc. has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 4. Subrecipients

Polaris Project, Inc. did not provide federal awards to any subrecipients during the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### LANE & COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors of the Polaris Project, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Polaris Project, Inc. (Polaris), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Polaris' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Polaris' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Polaris' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-01, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Polaris' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Polaris' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Polaris' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

L. Commany

Washington, D.C., USA January 30, 2024